

finding the real...

Conservancy Side-Tracks are for discerning and adventurous travellers who

- respect local people and have a genuine interest in their cultures and livelihoods
- want to spend extra days and true quality time exploring one place
- have a real interest in the environment and the plants and animals that live there

This guide is intended to give travellers all the information needed to explore a less-travelled Side-Track that provides authentic experiences and an objective understanding through responsible travel in Namibia's community conservation areas.

PEOPLE

The Orupembe and Sanitatas Conservancies are part of the traditional lands of the Himba people. These are proud, semi-nomadic livestock herders who continue to pursue traditional lifestyles. Social and cultural transformation, accelerated by contemporary aspirations and external influences, produce a colourful blend of modern and ancestral ways.

PLACES

The Kaoko Floral Diversity Side-Track traverses spectacular landscapes along the fringes of the Namibian escarpment, which delineates the eastern extremity of the Namib Desert. This is a unique stretch of land shaped by geological upheaval and harsh climatic processes. Many of the lifeforms that have evolved here occur nowhere else on Earth.

& WILDLIFE

Wildlife and people coexists in Namibia's community conservation areas. In these vast, unfenced lands, wildlife is free to roam according to the seasons and the availability of food and water. The north-west is generally arid and wildlife densities are low, yet a surprising diversity of mammals from elephants to squirrels is able to survive here.



Baobab





Erongo-Kunene

Community Conservation Area

The communal areas of Namibia cover around 40 percent of the country. The land was set aside for livelihood use by local communities long ago; this is land owned by the state but governed by local people. Local communities should thus be the major beneficiaries of resource use in these areas.

The concept of community conservation is based on the premise that outside national parks, rural communities are the best custodians of indigenous resources. Communal conservancies, community forests and similar structures provide communities with the legal framework for the sustainable management and use of natural resources. They empower rural people to actively manage — and generate returns from — wildlife, indigenous plants, tourism and related activities, encouraging wildlife recoveries and environmental restoration. Conservancy management includes a rigorous system of resource monitoring, usage quotas and adaptation to changing circumstances.

Larger community conservation areas consist of adjoining conservancies and community forests undertaking joint management activities such as annual game counts. The Erongo-Kunene Community Conservation Area encompasses over 40 conservancies and stretches from the Kunene River in the north to the Namib-Naukluft Park in the south. It embraces about 54,000 people and covers over 76,000 square kilometres. The area is extremely rich in environmental and cultural resources.

Community conservation is renewing a sense of ownership over resources and through this is reinforcing a vital sense of responsibility; it is also cultivating community cohesion and pride in cultural heritage.



... identify 12 ... see wildlife, of the north-west's most interesting plants livestock and people living side by side HIGHLIGHTS of the Kaoko Floral Diversity Side-Track ... watch the sun ise over the Onyuva Plains Rüppell's Kornan Onyuva plains sunrise ... glimpse ... spot 8

of Namibia's near-endemic birds

insights into the culture of the Himba





ELEVEN RULES OF THE ROAD:

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- 1. Respect local people this is their land.
- 2. No off-road driving.
- 3. No wild camping.
- 4. Don't gather firewood.
- 5. Don't drive faster than 40 km/h.
- 6. No village visits without a local guide.
- 7. Don't take photos of people without their permission.
- 8. Keep a safe distance from all wildlife.
- 9. Be particularly careful with elephants, rhinos and lions.
- 10. For safety, Side-Tracks are best travelled with two vehicles.
- 11. Take only memories, leave only footprints.

Side-Track

Guides are available for othe

More information:

www.nacso.org.na





SNOGSE



